

**College of Arts and Sciences
Department of Physics
Physics Placement Test**

90 Minutes Exam

This test has 25 multiple-choice questions. It is provided as a sample for the computerized physics placement test.

1) 0.00325×10^{-8} cm can also be expressed in mm as

- A) 3.25×10^{-12} mm.
- B) 3.25×10^{-11} mm.
- C) 3.25×10^{-10} mm.
- D) 3.25×10^{-9} mm.

2) The number of significant figures in 0.040 is

- A) one.
- B) two.
- C) three.
- D) four.

3) A rectangle is 3.25 m long and 1.5 m wide. Its area using proper significant figures is

- A) 4.875 m^2
- B) 4.87 m^2
- C) 4.80 m^2
- D) 4.9 m^2

4) A train slowly climbs a 500-m mountain track which is at an angle of 10° with respect to the horizontal. How much altitude (height) does it gain?

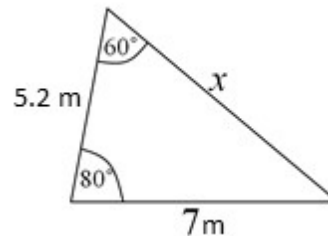
- A) 86.8 m.
- B) 88.2 m.
- C) 341 m.
- D) 492.4 m.

5) While analyzing the motion of a particle a student obtains the equation $4.9t^2 - 24.5t = -19.6$, where t is the time in seconds. The values of t that satisfy the equation are:

- A) 4 and 2
- B) 4 and 1
- C) 8 and 1
- D) 8 and 2

6) Find the length of x in the triangle shown:

- A) 5.86 m
- B) 7.96 m
- C) 8.72 m
- D) 5.2 m

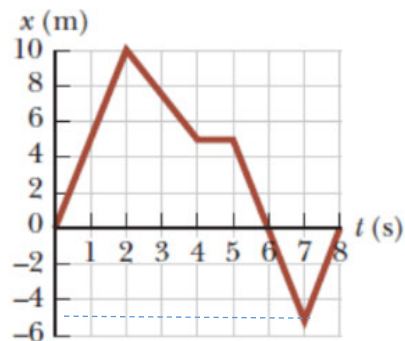


7) A motorist travels for 3.0 h at 80 km/h and 2.0 h at 100 km/h. What is her average speed for the trip?

- A) 85 km/h
- B) 88 km/h
- C) 90 km/h
- D) 92 km/h

8) The position versus time for a certain particle moving along the x axis is shown in the figure. The average velocity during the time interval 2 s to 7 s is:

- A) -3.0 m/s
- B) 1.0 m/s
- C) -5.0 m/s
- D) 3.0 m/s



9) A car traveling 60 km/h accelerates at the rate of 2.0 m/s^2 . How much time is required for the car to reach a speed of 90 km/h?

- A) 15 s
- B) 30 s
- C) 45 s
- D) 4.2 s

10) A cart with an initial velocity of 5.0 m/s experiences a constant acceleration of 2.0 m/s^2 . What is the cart's displacement during the first 6.0 s of its motion?

- A) 10 m
- B) 55 m
- C) 66 m
- D) 80 m

11) A car goes from 40 m/s to 80 m/s in a distance of 200 m . What is its average acceleration?

- A) 8.0 m/s^2
- B) 9.6 m/s^2
- C) 12 m/s^2
- D) 24 m/s^2

12) A ball is thrown straight up with a speed of 36.0 m/s . How long does it take to return to its starting point?

- A) 3.67 s
- B) 7.35 s
- C) 11.0 s
- D) 14.7 s

13) Vector \mathbf{A} has magnitude 8.0 m at an angle of 30° below the $+x$ axis. The y -component of \mathbf{A} is

- A) 6.9 m .
- B) -6.9 m .
- C) 4.0 m .
- D) -4.0 m .

14) The components of vector \vec{A} are $A_x = +3.90$ and $A_y = -4.00$. What is the angle measured

counterclockwise from the +x-axis to vector \vec{A} ?

- A) 314°
- B) 134°
- C) 224°
- D) 136°

15) Vector \vec{A} has a magnitude 5.00 and points in a direction 40.0° clockwise from the negative y axis.

What are the x and y components of vector \vec{A} .

- A) $A_x = 3.83$ and $A_y = 3.21$
- B) $A_x = 3.83$ and $A_y = -3.21$
- C) $A_x = -3.21$ and $A_y = -3.83$
- D) $A_x = -3.21$ and $A_y = 3.83$

16) The components of vector \vec{A} are $A_x = +2.2$ and $A_y = -6.9$, and the components of vector \vec{B} are given are $B_x = -6.1$ and $B_y = -2.2$. What is the magnitude of the vector $\vec{B} - \vec{A}$?

- A) 9.5
- B) 6.1
- C) 9.9
- D) 91

17) You walk 55 m to the north, then turn 60° to your right and walk another 45 m. How far are you from where you originally started?

- A) 87 m
- B) 50 m
- C) 94 m
- D) 46 m

18) A 40 kg box is being raised by means of a rope. Its upward acceleration is 2 m/s². What is the force exerted by the rope on the box?

- A) 392 N
- B) 312 N
- C) 472 N
- D) 552 N

19) A student pulls a box of books on a smooth horizontal floor with a force of 100 N in a direction of 37° above the horizontal. If the mass of the box and the books is 40.0 kg, what is the acceleration of the box?

- A) 1.5 m/s²
- B) 1.9 m/s²
- C) 2.0 m/s²
- D) 3.3 m/s²

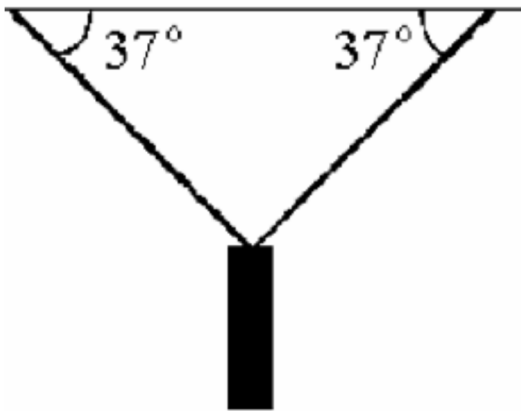
20) A student pulls a box of books on a smooth horizontal floor with a force of 100 N in a direction of 37° above the horizontal. If the mass of the box and the books is 40.0 kg, what is the normal force on the box?

- A) 292 N
- B) 312 N
- C) 332 N
- D) 392 N

21) A 10-kg box sitting on a horizontal surface is pulled by a 5.0-N force. A 3.0-N friction force retards the motion. What is the acceleration of the object?

- A) 0.20 m/s^2
- B) 0.30 m/s^2
- C) 0.50 m/s^2
- D) 5.0 m/s^2

22) A traffic light is supported by two ropes as shown in figure. If the tension force in each rope is 50 N, what is the mass of the traffic light?



- A) 3.1 kg
- B) 4.1 kg
- C) 6.1 kg
- D) 8.1 kg

23) A 500-kg elevator is pulled upward with a constant force of 5500 N for a distance of 50.0 m. What is the work done by the 5500 N force?

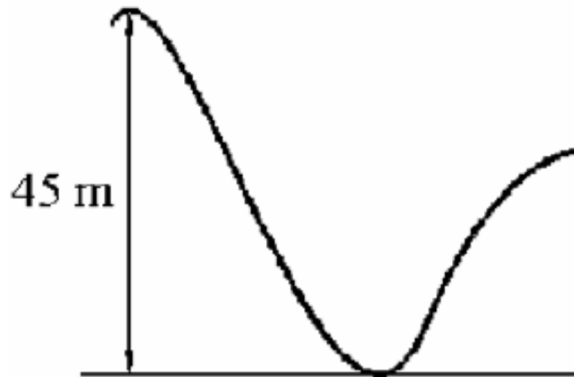
- A) $2.75 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$
- B) $-2.45 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$
- C) $3.00 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$
- D) $-5.20 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$

24) Ali pulls his little sister Sarah in a sled on an icy surface (assume no friction), with a force of 60.0 N at an angle of 37° upward from the horizontal. If he pulls her a distance of 12.0 m, what is the work done by Ali?

- A) 185 J
- B) 433 J
- C) 575 J

D) 720 J

25) A roller coaster starts from rest at a point 45 m above the bottom of a dip (See Figure). Neglect friction, what will be the speed of the roller coaster at the bottom of the dip?



A) 29.7 m/s

B) 17 m/s

C) 24 m/s

D) 882 m/s

Answers

1. C

2. B

3. D

4. A

5. B

6. B

7. B

8. A

9. D

10. C

11. C

12. B

13. D

14. A

15. C

16. A

17. A

18. C

19. C

20. C

21. A

22. C

23. A

24. C

25. A