Theme 2-3: Medical Imaging and Bio-Informatics - 2023

| Theme 2 3. Weater imaging an | a bio iiiioiiiiaties 2025 | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|------------|------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | | | | Ending | | Amount of |
| Title | Name of the PI | List the Names of the Co-Is | Department | Abstract | Date | Date | Funding | Funding |
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| | | | | Within the United Arab Emirates society, bone-related diseases such as osteoporosis are on | | | | |
| | | | | the rise. This is the result of various factors such as an aging population, genetics, low activity, | | | | |
| | | | | and an unbalanced diet. In such diseases, the bones' mineral density (BMD) deteriorates as | | | | |
| | | | | the body's ability to absorb calcium decreases. This is usually linked to Vitamin D deficiency; | | | | |
| | | | | therefore, possible treatments involve introducing this vitamin to a patient's diet. In order to | | | | |
| | | | | assess the efficacy of the treatments, currently, the gold standards for BMD diagnosis are dual | | | | |
| | | | | energy X-ray absorptiometry and quantitative computed tomography. In these systems, | | | | |
| | | | | examinations are done for structures in the body, such as the hip and the wrist. A major | | | | |
| | | | | drawback here is the excessive use of ionizing X-ray radiation, which is harmful for long-term | | | | |
| | | | | treatments. An emerging alternative modality for BMD assessment is microwave tomography | | | | |
| | | | | (MWT). In MWT, the human organ is illuminated with various sources of non-ionizing low- | | | | |
| | | | | power electromagnetic waves, with the reflected signals measured at receivers surrounding | | | | |
| | | | | the organ. Using optimization techniques, the measurements are processed to create | | | | |
| | | | | colormaps of the electrical properties of the organ. Within the scope of the proposed | | | | |
| | | | | research, the organ is the human leg, with the objective being to locate and estimate the | | | | |
| | | | | electrical properties of the bones. Current research shows that there is a high correlation | | | | |
| | | | | between the bones' electrical properties and their mineral density. Furthermore, recent | | | | |
| | | | | research work done by the principal investigators affirmed through extensive numerical | | | | |
| | | | | studies that MWT is capable of measuring variations in bone properties, enabling it to track | | | | |
| | | | | bone density changes. In this proposal, the objective is to design and implement a wearable | | | | |
| | | | | microwave tomography system for bone health monitoring. The design of the proposed | | | | |
| | | | | system involves designing the transducers, implementing electronic circuitry, and creating | | | | |
| | | | | human leg phantoms. The transducers and electronics, along with available instruments, are | | | | |
| | | | | the hardware of the MWT system. The human leg phantoms will be used to test and validate | | | | |
| Wearable Microwave Tomography System for Bone Health | | | | the system's capabilities. Upon completion of the project, the ultimate goal is to reach out to | | | | |
| Monitoring | Amer Zakaria | Nasser Qaddoumi | ELE | stakeholders in the local medical sector to move towards clinical trials of the system. | 01/06/2020 | 31/05/2023 | FRG | 351500 |